

Name _____

- A subject pronoun and a present-tense verb must **agree** in number.
- Add -s or -es to most verbs when using the subject pronouns *he*, *she*, and *it*.
- Do not add -s or -es to verbs when using the subject pronouns *I*, *we*, *you*, and *they*.

Complete each sentence by writing the correct form of the present-tense verb in parentheses.

1. It (flash) **flashes** on and off.
2. They (howl) **howl** at the moon.
3. At first, we don't (remember) **remember** the story.
4. I think he (carry) **carries** too many bags.
5. You (listen) **listen** carefully for the sound of the car.
6. She (try) **tries** hard to get a good grade.
7. I (know) **know** where we are going.
8. They (see) **see** the sun rise.
9. When the rain falls, it (soak) **soaks** the earth.
10. He (arrive) **arrives** just in time!

Name _____

- A subject pronoun and a present-tense verb must **agree** in number.
- Use subject pronouns with the present-tense forms of *have* in the following ways: *I have, you have, he/she/it has, we have, and they have.*
- Use subject pronouns with the present-tense forms of *be* in the following ways: *I am, you are, he/she/it is, we are, and they are.*

A. Read each sentence. Complete the sentence with *have* or *has*, based on the subject pronoun.

1. They _____ **have** _____ gone to the supermarket.
2. I think it _____ **has** _____ melted in the glass.
3. Do you know that we _____ **have** _____ twenty marbles?
4. I _____ **have** _____ more dresses than you.
5. He _____ **has** _____ received a lot of gifts for his birthday.

B. Read each sentence. Complete the sentence with *am*, *are*, or *is*, based on the subject pronoun.

6. I _____ **am** _____ so lucky to know you!
7. We _____ **are** _____ going to bed now.
8. The teacher said she _____ **is** _____ giving a test.
9. I think they _____ **are** _____ older than they look.
10. You _____ **are** _____ my favorite coach.

Name _____

- Use quotation marks at the beginning and end of a speaker's exact words. Begin a quotation with a capital letter.
- **Commas** and **periods** always go inside quotation marks.
- A question mark or an exclamation mark goes inside quotation marks when it is part of the quotation.
- A question mark or an exclamation mark goes outside quotation marks when it is not part of the quotation.

Rewrite each sentence correctly by adding quotation marks and using correct capitalization and punctuation.

1. Jane said, I like to read about unusual animals.

Jane said, "I like to read about unusual animals."

2. My teacher asked, do you know who the president is?

My teacher asked, "Do you know who the president is?"

3. My family at home includes my mother, father, sister, and me, I said.

"My family at home includes my mother, father, sister, and me," I said.

4. Ms. Mendez exclaimed, close that window quickly!

Ms. Mendez exclaimed, "Close that window quickly!"

5. I rushed inside and shouted, quick! Where is my camera?

I rushed inside and shouted, "Quick! Where is my camera?"

6. She explained, we need to do some research for our science report.

She explained, "We need to do some research for our science report."

Name _____

- A subject pronoun and a present-tense verb must **agree** in number.
- Follow specific rules for using subject pronouns with the present-tense forms of *have* and *be*.
- Use quotation marks around someone’s exact words.
- Follow specific punctuation and capitalization rules for quotation marks.

Rewrite the sentences below, correcting mistakes in present-tense pronoun-verb agreement and quotation marks.

1. I asks, “What is your favorite season”?

I ask, “What is your favorite season?”

2. Let’s eat before we finish the puzzle, I suggests.

“Let’s eat before we finish the puzzle,” I suggest.

3. You has more balloons than I do.

You have more balloons than I do.

4. They is very happy to let us has the prize.

They are very happy to let us have the prize.

5. What am you doing? I asks worriedly.

“What are you doing?” I ask worriedly.

6. It rock back and forth in a noisy way.

It rocks back and forth in a noisy way.

Name _____

A. Write the correct form of *have* or *be* to complete each sentence.

1. We _____ **are** _____ sure that this is the correct place.
2. She _____ **has** _____ two parties to go to this weekend.
3. They _____ **have** _____ traveled to many different places.
4. You _____ **are** _____ never going to finish in time.
5. It _____ **is** _____ bright red and very shiny.
6. I _____ **have** _____ a book report to prepare.

B. Circle the letter of the sentence that has pronoun-verb agreement and is written correctly.

7.
 - a. It honk loudly.
 - b.** They whisper softly.
 - c. I stumbles on the sidewalk.
 - d. She touch the slippery eel.
8.
 - a. We hurries away from the danger.
 - b. He fall into a deep sleep.
 - c.** You speak very quickly.
 - d. They crawls along the floor.