

Name _____

- **Homophones** are words that sound alike but have different spellings and meanings.
- Some pronouns are homophones.

Read each sentence. Circle the correct word in parentheses and write it on the line to complete the sentence.

1. (**their** / there) The boys put on _____ **their** _____ coats and ran outside.
2. (**your** / you're) Did you drop _____ **your** _____ letter in the mailbox?
3. (**its** / **it's**) Bring an umbrella if _____ **it's** _____ raining.
4. (**there** / they're) Did you go _____ **there** _____ last Saturday?
5. (**your** / **you're**) _____ **You're** _____ lucky to be in the school play.
6. (**their** / **they're**) I think _____ **they're** _____ coming to my party.
7. (**its** / **it's**) The log is slippery because _____ **it's** _____ wet.
8. (**your** / you're) Is that cute puppy _____ **your** _____ dog?
9. (**their** / there) I took _____ **their** _____ advice and did my homework early.
10. (**your** / **you're**) I think _____ **you're** _____ the best friend in the world.

Name _____

- **Homophones** are words that sound alike but have different spellings and meanings. Some pronouns are also homophones.
- **Subject pronouns** are often used in conjunction with verbs to form contractions.
- **Contractions** and **possessive pronouns** can be homophones.

A. Read each sentence and circle the subject pronoun. On the line, write a contraction for the subject pronoun and verb.

1. They are about to get on the bus. _____ **They're**
2. You are early for the movie. _____ **You're**
3. It is in the box on the floor. _____ **It's**

B. Underline the homophone that correctly completes each sentence.

4. Do you think (their / they're / there) at the park right now?
5. Is this (your / you're) backpack?
6. The cat licked (its / it's) paw over and over again.

Name _____

- An apostrophe is used in a contraction to take the place of the missing letter or letters.
- An apostrophe should not be used with a possessive pronoun.

Rewrite each sentence. Correct any incorrect contractions and possessive pronouns.

1. I put my bag here and my parents stored their's at their feet.

I put my bag here and my parents stored theirs at their feet.

2. You're going to love this new book that just came out.

You're going to love this new book that just came out.

3. Do you think they're going to be late for the show?

Do you think they're going to be late for the show?

4. I picked up the small suitcase by it's handle.

I picked up the small suitcase by its handle.

5. Is that you'r aunt sitting with your mother in the audience?

Is that your aunt sitting with your mother in the audience?

6. I think its funny that you and I have the same first name.

I think it's funny that you and I have the same first name.

Name _____

- **Subject pronouns** are often used with verbs to form contractions.
- **Contractions** and **pronouns** can be homophones.
- An apostrophe is used in a contraction to take the place of the missing letter or letters.
- An apostrophe should not be used with a possessive pronoun.

Rewrite the paragraphs below, correcting mistakes in contractions and pronouns.

1. If your afraid of heights, do not go to the top of the Empire State Building in New York City. Its one of the tallest buildings in the world. Millions of people go there every year. They say theyre not afraid, but once they see how high it is they change there minds!

If you're afraid of heights, do not go to the top of the Empire State

Building in New York City. It's one of the tallest buildings in the world.

Millions of people go there every year. They say they're not afraid, but

once they see how high it is they change their minds!

2. Ana is happy today. Shes going to meet her pen pal, Marco. He's visiting with his family from Brazil. There good friends and write all the time. Ana thinks its exciting to finally meet Marco face to face! She can't wait to talk to him in person.

Ana is happy today. She's going to meet her pen pal, Marco. He's

visiting with his family from Brazil. They're good friends and write all

the time. Ana thinks it's exciting to finally meet Marco face to face! She

can't wait to talk to him in person.

Name _____

A. Circle the correct word in parentheses to complete the sentence.

1. Do you want to go to summer camp with (your / you're) friends this year?
2. I watched the alligator move (its / it's) tail back and forth.
3. We must hurry because (their / they're) waiting for us in the car.
4. (Its / It's) almost eight o'clock in the evening.

B. Read each sentence and underline the subject pronoun. On the line, write a contraction for the subject pronoun and verb.

5. They are patiently waiting for the bus. They're
6. Somehow, it is missing from the safe. it's
7. You are going to be sore tomorrow. You're
8. Next week, it is probably going to rain. it's